

BC Speed Skating Association

Regional Stream Events Manual



October 2012



Introduction

Speed skating is racing on skates. Since the advent of the "Long Term Participant and Athlete Development" (LTPAD) model, the events held at speed skating competitions in British Columbia and across the nation, have shifted to reflect that not all racing must be held on a traditional oval, counter-clockwise. Indeed, the International Skating Union (ISU) has begun to incorporate different formats of racing into international events, e.g. the team pursuit and mass start race in long track. New international events in short track are in the trial stage.

However, the move to new events and new racing formats has been complicated by the lack of consistency. This manual is meant to serve as a resource document for Meet Coordinators, Officials, Coaches, parents and skaters. It outlines appropriate speed skating events for skaters in the British Columbia Speed Skating Association (BCSSA) Regional Stream:

- Active Start (AS) skaters (0-5 years)
- Fundamentals (FUNd) skaters (females 6-8 and males 6-9 years)
- Select Learn to Train (L2T) skaters (females 9-11 and males 10-12 years)
- Select Train to Train (T2T) skaters (females 11-14 and males 12-15 years).

The events raced by these athletes should be a combination of traditional racing and skills-based racing, as defined in the table below. An effort to include both individual and team events was made.

	Traditional Racing	Skills-Based Racing
Definition	Racing around a marked oval, traditional speed skating rules (regarding penalties, passing etc.) apply. In this age group, races will be held on a 100m track (ST) or 400m track (LT) and will be raced in a counter-clockwise (CCW) and clockwise (CW) direction. Races can be mass start or other (see below for details).	Racing events (timed or mass start) that are not on the traditional speed skating oval. These races challenge the overall ability of the skater, including the skater's "ABCs" (agility, balance and coordination).
Rationale	Traditional racing is integrated into the program to prepare skaters for their transition into the T2T age groups and above. This type of racing is also good for measuring improvements by time (i.e. "PBs"). SSC has officially adopted the 100m track (ST) for skaters in the T2T group. Skaters in younger groups can be on a 100m track or smaller.	into a type of skating (e.g. speed skating, figure skating, hockey etc.) towards the end of the L2T and/or into the T2T age group. Skaters in the FUNd and L2T age



Recommended Events

Each competition, festival or practice will differ and organizers are encouraged to choose events based on their unique situation. Factors to consider include: amount of ice time, previous knowledge/experience with events, age/ability of skaters and number of skaters. The following list suggests recommended events from which organizers can choose. It is recommended that organizers publish a list of events prior to the start of the competition, in order that coaches and skaters can arrive prepared.

Please note that page numbers correspond to the detailed description of the event within this manual. Those events without descriptions in this manual are run based on traditional speed skating rules.

Short Track: Traditional Racing Counterclockwise mass start race (50m, 100m, 200m, 300m, 400m, 2000m) n/a Clockwise mass start race (50m, 100m, 200m, 300m) n/a Partner (2-person) relay (1500m) n/a Team (3- or 4-person) relay (2000m) n/a Push-and-chase relay Page 3 Parloff relay Page 4 Keirin event Page 6 Pursuit races (100m, 200m) Page 7 Points race (2000m) Page 8 Short Track: Skills-Based Racing Backwards (reverse) race (50m, 100m) n/a Page 11 Straight-line mass start race (27m) Straight-line team race (shuttle relay) Page 13 Candy cane race Page 15 Long track style relay Page 17 Loop d'whirl Page 19 Long Track: Traditional Racing Straight-line mass start race (25m, 50m, 100m) n/a Counterclockwise mass start races (200m, 300m, 400m, 2000m) n/a Clockwise mass start races (200m, 300m) n/a Olympic style sprint (100m) n/a Push-and-chase relay Page 21 Parloff relav Page 22 Track and field style relay Page 24 Long Track: Skills-Based Racing Straight-line team race (shuttle relay) Page 26 Candy cane race Page 28

Long track style relay

Page 30





Short Track Event: Push-and-Chase Relay

∑ FU ⊠ Le	tive Start (females & INdamentals (female arn to Train (female ain to Train (females	es 6-8 & mále: s 9-11 & male	s 10-12)
⊠ Team Event → Numbe	er of Teams: 2-6	Participants	s per Team: 2
Equipment Required: Tra	aditional speed skati	ng track set-u	p.
pushee and gives the 4. After two (2) laps,	er" behind. her gives the pushed after the pushed osition (no skating). hem a relay push. the pushee and pushers on a team skaters on a te	e a relay push nd pushes the The pusher c sher change r ting.	, then lets go. m again. The pushee continues to chase the coles and continue. At
Targeted Fundamental № ☐ Balance ☐ Skating ☐ Catching	lovement Skills: Jumping Kicking Trapping		☐ Throwing☑ Striking☐ Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundamental S ☐ Forwards skating ☐ Clockwise skating ☐ Sliding/falling Officials/Volunteers Req	☐ Backwards ska ☐ Counter-clockw ☐ Edge control (a	ise skating	☐ One-legged glide ☐ Two-legged jump ☐ Basic position
☐ Timers ☐ On-ice crowd control	✓ Judges✓ Referee		Starter Other: Other Othe
Modifications: Number of appropriate. ☑ This event can be mod			-

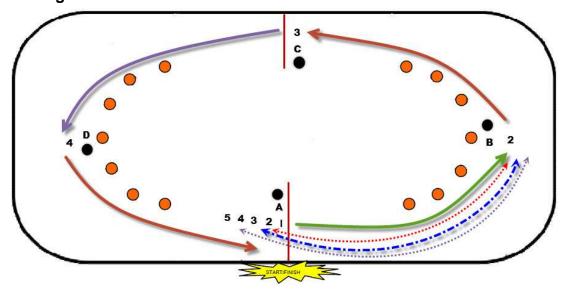




Short Track Event: Parloff Relay

SPEED SKATING		,
Target Group:	☐ Active Start (females & ma☐ FUNdamentals (females 6-☐ Learn to Train (females 9-1☐ Train to Train (females 11-	8 & males 6-9) 1 & males 10-12)
	Number of Teams: up to 4	Participants per Team: 5
	ired: Traditional speed skating to at the start/finish line (A), apex block corner 2 (D).	• •
Procedures and F	Rules:	
 Skater #1 w #3 will stanstands behinds. When the teammate. C and tags from C to D #4 skates from at position A remains at p. The race co. The winning at the position at the position at the position. 	grouped into teams of five (5). rill stand at position A. Skater #2 d at position C. Skater #4 will and the start line at position A. gun goes, skater #1 skates Skater #1 will remain at position their teammate, then remains a and tags their teammate, then rom D to A and tags their teammate. Skater #5 skates from A to B position B. Intinues with skaters going from a team is the first team to have a tion at which they started, with ch team member should have sleep the started at the skater should have sleep the skater	from A to B and tags their B. Skater #2 skates from B to at position C. Skater #3 skates remains at position D. Skater mate (skater #5), then remains and tags their teammate, then position to position. all of their team members back h all team members in basic
•	nental Movement Skills:	Thursday
☑ Balance☑ Skating☐ Catching	☐ Jumping ☐ Kicking ☐ Trapping	☐ Throwing ☐ Striking ☐ Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundam	nental Sport Skills:	
☑ Forwards skatir☑ Clockwise skati☑ Sliding/falling	ng Backwards skating	





Officials/Volunteers Required:			
Timers	_	⊠ Starter	
On-ice crowd control	Referee	Other:	

Modifications: With older/more experienced skaters, it may be more appropriate to have 3-person teams, with each relay leg being half a lap long (i.e. skater #1 skates from A to C above, tags skater #2 who skates from C to A and tags skater #3 who skates from A to C). Skaters of any age could provide a speed skating relay push to their teammate in place of a simple "tag". Ensure that skaters are aware in advance whether to expect a tag or a push.

This event can be modified for long track (please see "LT Event: Parloff Relay").





Short Track Event: Keirin Event

☐ FU ☐ Lea	ive Start (females & males 0-5) Ndamentals (females 6-8 & male arn to Train (females 9-11 & male in to Train (females 11-14 & mal	es 10-12)
\boxtimes Individual Event \rightarrow Nu	imber of Participants: up to 10	racers
Equipment Required: Tra	ditional speed skating set-up plu	s one "pacer" skater.
pacer should be in a "soft start" to positive racer is allowed ahe. 2. The pacer will lead progressively faster an appropriate spectacers are allowed. 3. With two (2) laps to racers are now free lap remaining.	line up for a start - eight (8) race starting position number 1. On the tion themselves in a pack or trained of the pacer. If the racers around eight (8) speed. Where possible, the pacer do allow all racers to maintain to move within the pack, but may go, the pacer will pull to the outo sprint to the finish. The bell with the order in will be	ne gun, the skaters do n behind the pacer. No laps of the rink at a er should be skating at contact with the pack. If y not pass the pacer, tside of the track. The ill be rung with one (1)
Targeted Fundamental M ☐ Balance ☐ Skating ☐ Catching	ovement Skills: Jumping Kicking Trapping	☐ Throwing ☐ Striking ☐ Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundamental S ☐ Forwards skating ☐ Clockwise skating ☐ Sliding/falling	·	☐ One-legged glide☐ Two-legged jump☑ Basic position
Officials/Volunteers Requ Timers On-ice crowd control	uired: ⊠ Judges ⊠ Referee	⊠ Starter □ Other:

Modifications: Number of laps skated can be modified as necessary. The intention is for the distance to work the aerobic system, with a sprint at the end, as a transition to doing points races. Avoid "middle" distances.

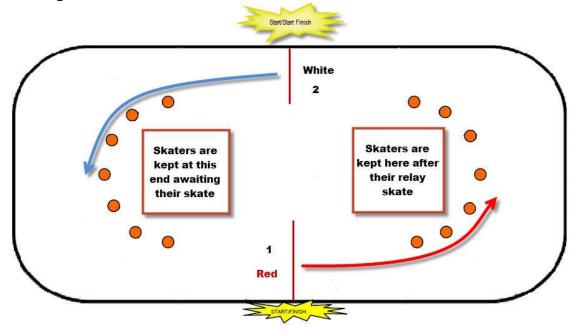




Short Track Event: Pursuit Races

SPEED S	KATING		
Target	· ⊠ FU ⊠ Le	etive Start (females & males 0-5) JNdamentals (females 6-8 & mal arn to Train (females 9-11 & ma ain to Train (females 11-14 & ma	les 6-9) les 10-12)
⊠ Indi	vidual Event → N	umber of Participants: 1 per sid	de, 16 skaters total
Equipr	n ent Required : Tra	aditional speed skating set-up.	
1. 5 2. 1 3. 4. 1	determined pairs (fine inside of the trace Each pair will race same side on which As each pair finished as the collowing all eight (fine the opposite side of the initial pairs.	ought onto the ice in groups of skater per side). Skaters will be ck, not obscuring the start/finish a 100m (1-lap) race, with the nathey started. The start pursuit, they will go to the case their pursuit, they will skate de from their first race. After the "end" where they started to away time (of the two (2)) is recorded	be kept in one "end" of line. skater finishing on the ne opposite "end" of the again. Skaters will start e second race, skaters ait the completion of all
∏ Bala ⊠ Ska	ed Fundamental Nance ting ching	Novement Skills: Jumping Kicking Trapping	☐ Throwing ☐ Striking ☐ Turning/spinning
⊠ For\ □ Clo	ed Fundamental S wards skating ckwise skating ing/falling	Sport Skills: ☐ Backwards skating ☐ Counter-clockwise skating ☐ Edge control (agility)	☐ One-legged glide☐ Two-legged jump☑ Basic position





Officials/Volunteers Required:

⊠ Timers	☐ Judges	Starter
On-ice crowd control	⊠ Referee	Other:

Modifications: Pursuits can be run as a 100m (1-lap) or 200m (2-lap) race. For younger/inexperienced skaters, two (2) skaters per side (i.e. quads) may be appropriate. These results will NOT be recorded in the BCSSA Database as "pursuits", rather, as 100m or 200m races. Younger/inexperienced skaters should skate the pursuit once (as opposed to repeating twice).





Short Track Event: 2000m Points Race

Target Group:	☐ Active Start (females & males 0-5) ☐ FUNdamentals (females 6-8 & males 6-9) ☐ Learn to Train (females 9-11 & males 10-12) ☐ Train to Train (females 11-14 & males 12-15)
$oxed{\boxtimes}$ Individual Ever	at → Number of Participants: up to 10
Equipment Requir	ed: Traditional speed skating set-up.

Procedures and Rules:

- 1. Skaters will race for a total of 20 laps.
- 2. Skaters will score points when they cross the line with 14 and 7 laps remaining, as well as the finishing lap. Points are assigned as follows: 34, 21, 13, 8, 5, 3, 2 and 1 point. Double points will be awarded for the final lap. i.e. lap 20.
- 3. Skaters who are lapped prior to 7 laps remaining must go to the centre of the ice. They will earn 0 points for the remainder of the race. A skater is deemed to be lapped once overtaken by the lead skater. All lapped skaters shall retain all points earned earlier in the race. Skaters who are lapped following 7 laps remaining will continue to race and score points on the finishing lap. If a skater eliminates the entire field the race will be declared over and the skater will earn 1st place points for all remaining point laps.
- 4. Final placing in the event will be determined by the total number of points earned by each skater in the race. Should skaters finish with an equal number of points, the result on the final lap will be used to break the tie.
- 5. Penalized skaters shall receive no points for the race; however points earned by other skaters during the race will not be re-distributed. They will receive last place final points
- 6. During the 2000m points races there will be a bell rung with 15, 8 and 1 lap to go to indicate that the next lap is a points lap.
- 7. Should the referee be required to stop a race for any reason and a restart is required, the number of laps to be completed shall be at the discretion of the referee, however the referee must allow skaters to complete at least three (3) laps prior to points being awarded. In the case of a stoppage, skaters will retain all points earned up to that point, unless the laps remaining require the last points earned to be raced for again. For example, if a race were stopped after 7 laps remaining and restarted with 11 laps to skate, the skaters would lose the last points earned in the first start (7 to go) and race for them again. Skaters who were lapped or penalized during the race will not take part in the restart.



Targeted Fundamental M	Novement Skills:	
⊠ Balance		☐ Throwing
Skating	Kicking	☐ Striking
Catching	Trapping	Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundamental S	Sport Skills:	
	□ Backwards skating	One-legged glide
Clockwise skating	Counter-clockwise skating	Two-legged jump
Sliding/falling	Edge control (agility)	Basic position
Officials/Volunteers Req	uired:	
Timers		Starter
On-ice crowd control	Referee	Other:
Modifications: Where ap	propriate, lapped skaters may c	ontinue racing, without
carning points. Eactors to	consider includes expertise of t	ha officials (in tracking

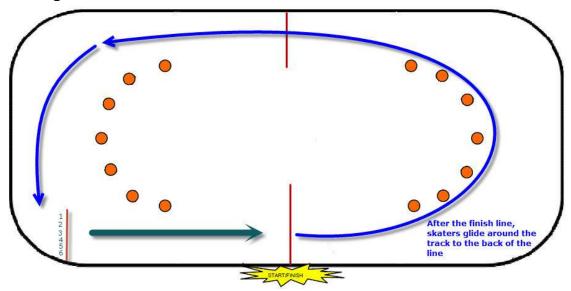
Modifications: Where appropriate, lapped skaters may continue racing, without earning points. Factors to consider include: expertise of the officials (in tracking remaining skaters) and size of the rink. Lapped skaters may be asked to remove their helmet covers to differentiate them from remaining skaters (for the benefit of the officials).



Short Track Event: Straight-Line MS Race (27m)

∑ FUNo □ Lear	e Start (females & males 0-5) damentals (females 6-8 & males n to Train (females 9-11 & males to Train (females 11-14 & male	s 10-12)
	ber of Participants: up to 6 rad	cing at a time
Equipment Required : Trad corner only.	itional speed skating set-up wit	th blocks marking far
skating straightaway, participating in the rac the goalie crease. 2. At the gun, skaters ra (traditional finish line)	e start on the hockey goal line, for a traditional speed skating see should be kept behind the hace from the hockey goal line to in a mass start format. katers glide around the track (a	start. Any skaters not ockey goal line, near to the centre red line
Targeted Fundamental Mov ☐ Balance ☐ Skating ☐ Catching ☐	vement Skills:] Jumping] Kicking] Trapping	☐ Throwing ☐ Striking ☐ Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundamental Sport ☐ Forwards skating ☐ Clockwise skating ☐ Sliding/falling ☐	ort Skills: Backwards skating Counter-clockwise skating Edge control (agility)	☐ One-legged glide☐ Two-legged jump☐ Basic position





Officials	/Volunteers	Required:
Ollivials	y v Ciuiileeis	i voquii ou:

	Judges	Starter
○ On-ice crowd control	Referee	Other:

Modifications: Two groups can start the race at the same time (one from each end of the speed skating straightaways). If races are being timed, two sets of timers should be used.

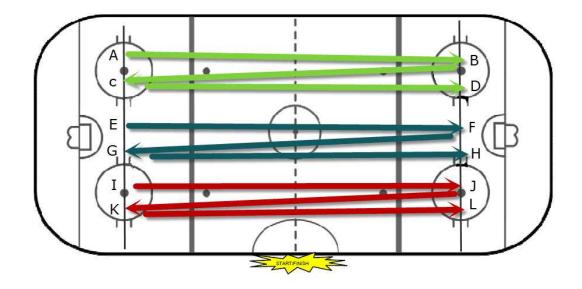




Short Track Event: Straight-Line Team Race (Shuttle Relay)

Fundamentals (females & males 0-5) ☐ Fundamentals (females 6-8 & males 6-9) ☐ Learn to Train (females 9-11 & males 10-12) ☐ Train to Train (females 11-14 & males 12-15) ☐ Team Event → Number of Teams: up to 4 Participants per Team: 4 Equipment Required: n/a Procedures and Rules: 1. Teams split into two (2) group of two (2). Skaters A and C stand on ringette line, facing skaters B and D standing on the opposite ringette line, facing skater B and D standing on the opposite ringette line and tags skater B. Skater B then races back to first ringette line to tag the waiting skater C. Skater C races to tag skater A, who race to tag skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have to tag skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have to tag skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have to tag skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have to tag skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have the skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have the skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have the skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have the skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have the skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have the skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to we have the skater D. Skater D tags skater C.
Procedures and Rules: 1. Teams split into two (2) group of two (2). Skaters A and C stand on ringette line, facing skaters B and D standing on the opposite ringette B. On the gun, skater A races from the ringette line to skater B at opposite ringette line and tags skater B. Skater B then races back to first ringette line to tag the waiting skater C. Skater C races to tag sl D, who will race to tag skater B. Skater B races to tag skater A, who race to tag skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to waiting skater C.
Procedures and Rules: 1. Teams split into two (2) group of two (2). Skaters A and C stand on ringette line, facing skaters B and D standing on the opposite ringette line. 2. On the gun, skater A races from the ringette line to skater B at opposite ringette line and tags skater B. Skater B then races back to first ringette line to tag the waiting skater C. Skater C races to tag sl D, who will race to tag skater B. Skater B races to tag skater A, who race to tag skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to waiting skater C, who races back to waiting skater C.
 Teams split into two (2) group of two (2). Skaters A and C stand on ringette line, facing skaters B and D standing on the opposite ringette D. On the gun, skater A races from the ringette line to skater B at opposite ringette line and tags skater B. Skater B then races back to first ringette line to tag the waiting skater C. Skater C races to tag sl D, who will race to tag skater B. Skater B races to tag skater A, who race to tag skater D. Skater D tags skater C, who races back to w
they started.When all skaters have returned to where they started, the team ge basic position to show that they are finished.
Targeted Fundamental Movement Skills:
✓ Balance
☐ Catching ☐ Trapping ☐ Turning/spin
Fargeted Fundamental Sport Skills: ☐ Forwards skating ☐ Backwards skating ☐ Counter-clockwise skating ☐ Two-legged just on the skating ☐ Sliding/falling ☐ Edge control (agility) ☐ Basic position





Officials/volunteers Rec	luirea:	
☐ Timers	Judges	⊠ Starter
On-ice crowd control	□ Referee	Other:

Modifications: Start/finish lines can be set-up if the ice surface does not have marked ringette lines. More than four (4) skaters can participate per team, but this increases the time spent standing.

This event can be modified for long track (please see "LT Event: Straight-Line Team Race (Shuttle Relays)").

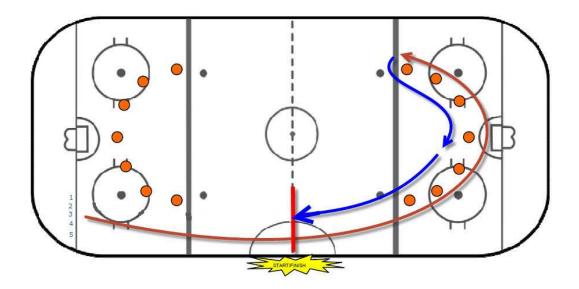




Short Track Event: Candy Cane Race

∑ FU □ Lea	tive Start (females & males 0-5) Ndamentals (females 6-8 & male arn to Train (females 9-11 & male ain to Train (females 11-14 & ma	es 10-12)		
$oxed{oxed}$ Individual Event $ ightarrow$ Nu				
111.12m track. Additional	aditional speed skating set-up with blocks set up "inside" the track, the seventh block on the 111.12	roughly on the closest		
 Procedures and Rules: Skaters line up at the hockey goal line as described in the Straight-Line MS Race (27m). The race begins similarly to the Straight-Line MS Race (27m), with skaters racing down the straightaway. Skaters continue racing around the 111.12m track (counter-clockwise) and do a sharp (left) turn around the pilon. Skaters then race clockwise around the 100m track and finish the race at the red finish line (which they have already passed during the race). Skaters then glide to the back of the line, near the hockey goalie crease. 				
Targeted Fundamental M ☐ Balance ☐ Skating ☐ Catching	ovement Skills: Jumping Kicking Trapping	☐ Throwing ☐ Striking ☑ Turning/spinning		
Targeted Fundamental S	port Skills: ☐ Backwards skating ☐ Counter-clockwise skating ☐ Edge control (agility)	☐ One-legged glide☐ Two-legged jump☒ Basic position		





Officials	/Volunteers	Required:
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☐ Timers	∑ Judges	Starter
On-ice crowd control	□ Referee	Other:

Modifications: In a well-organized session, two candy cane races can be held simultaneously (from each end of the rink).

This event can be modified for long track (please see "LT Event: Candy Cane Race").

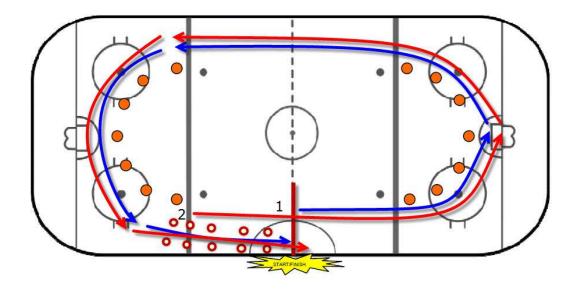




Short Track Event: Long Track Style Relay

Target	· ⊠ FU ⊠ Le	tive Start (females & males 0-5) INdamentals (females 6-8 & ma arn to Train (females 9-11 & ma ain to Train (females 11-14 & ma	les 6-9) lles 10-12)	
⊠ Tea	am Event → Numbe	er of Teams: up to 4 Participar	nts per Team: 4	
finishir	Equipment Required : Traditional speed skating set-up plus pilons marking the inishing chute, leading skaters from the apex of the second corner wide towards the boards and across the finish line.			
Proce	dures and Rules:			
		red 1-4 within their teams. Num	iber 1 skaters line up at	
2.	the finishing chute (skaters have lined	r 1 skaters skate one (1) lap and towards the outside of the track up at the blue line immediate the property and the property are lined up to the track of the property are lined up to the line line up to the line lined up to the line line up to the line lined up to the line line up to the line lined up to the line line line lined up to the line line line line line line line lin). Meanwhile, number 2 ely after block 7 of the	
3. When number 1 skater crosses the red finish line, number 2 skater of the same team does a start from the blue line and skates one (1) lap, finishing at the red finish line through the finishing chute. Number 3 skater is ready to start from the blue line when number 2 skater crosses the red finish line.				
		er crosses the finish line, num lap and finishes the race for th		
Target	ed Fundamental M	lovement Skills:		
	ance	Jumping	Throwing	
Ska	•	Kicking	Striking	
Cat	ching	☐ Trapping	☐ Turning/spinning	
Target	ed Fundamental S	port Skills:		
_	wards skating	☐ Backwards skating	One-legged glide	
Clo	ckwise skating	Counter-clockwise skating	Two-legged jump	
	ling/falling	Edge control (agility)	☐ Basic position	





Officials/Volunteers	Required:
	_ 🖂 .

Timers		⊠ Starter
○ On-ice crowd control	□ Referee	Other:

Other/Notes: Each skater leaves the blue line to start a lap as their own teammate crosses the red finish line. They may not leave before their teammate has passed them and then crossed the line. Skaters on the blue line should be looking forward for their teammate, not turned backwards. As each skater finishes through the finishing chute, they should stay wide and perform a "shoulder check" to confirm it is safe to return to the centre of the track.

Modifications:

This event can be modified for long track (please see "LT Event: Long Track Style Relay").

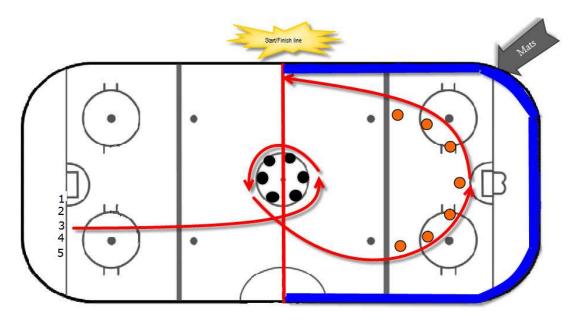




Short Track Event: Loop d'Whirl

Target Group:	✓ Active Start (females✓ FUNdamentals (fem✓ Learn to Train (females✓ Train to Train (females	ales 6-8 & male lles 9-11 & male	es 10-12)		
⊠ Individual Even					
☐ Team Event → I	Number of Teams:	Participant	ts per Team:		
Equipment Required : Traditional speed skating set-up with the track marked on the far end only. Move extra mats from the near end to extend the mats on the far end from red line to red line (single mat coverage).					
 Procedures and Rules: Skaters line up at the hockey goal line as described in the Straight-Line MS Race (27m). The race begins similarly to the Straight-Line MS Race (27m), with skaters racing down the straightaway. When the skater reaches the centre circle, they turn (counter-clockwise) to race once around the centre circle, then re-emerge onto the track. The skater then races around the track (counter-clockwise) and finishes the race at the red finish line. 					
Targeted Fundame ☐ Balance ☐ Skating ☐ Catching	ntal Movement Skills: Jumping Kicking Trapping		☐ Throwing ☐ Striking ☑ Turning/spinning		
Targeted Fundame ☐ Forwards skating ☐ Clockwise skatin ☐ Sliding/falling	∫ Backwards sł	wise skating	One-legged glideTwo-legged jumpBasic position		





Officials/Volunteers Required:

☐ Timers	☑ Judges	⊠ Starter
○ On-ice crowd control	Referee	Other:

Other/Notes: Skaters must stay outside the centre circle. Blocks may be used to mark the circle.





Long Track Event: Push-and-Chase Relay

⊠ FL ⊠ Le	ctive Start (females & JNdamentals (female earn to Train (females ain to Train (females	es 6-8 & male: s 9-11 & male	s 10-12)
⊠ Team Event → Number	er of Teams: 2-6	Participants	s per Team: 2
Equipment Required: Tra	aditional speed skati	ng (mass star	t) track set-up.
pushee and give th 4. After one (1) lap, th	er" behind. her gives the pushed after the pushee and sition (no skating). The em a relay push. he pushee and pushe hrs on a team skating pushee once and the	e a relay push I pushes them The pusher co er change role	, then lets go. again. The pushee is ontinues to chase the es and continue. At no
Targeted Fundamental № ☐ Balance ☐ Skating ☐ Catching	Novement Skills: ☐ Jumping ☐ Kicking ☐ Trapping		☐ Throwing☑ Striking☐ Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundamental S ☑ Forwards skating ☐ Clockwise skating ☐ Sliding/falling	Sport Skills: ☐ Backwards skat ☑ Counter-clockw ☑ Edge control (ag	ise skating	☐ One-legged glide☐ Two-legged jump☒ Basic position
Officials/Volunteers Req Timers On-ice crowd control	uired: ⊠ Judges ⊠ Referee		⊠ Starter □ Other:
Modifications: Number o appropriate. Younger skat ☐ This event can be mod	ers may switch push	ner/pushee aft	er half a lap (200m).

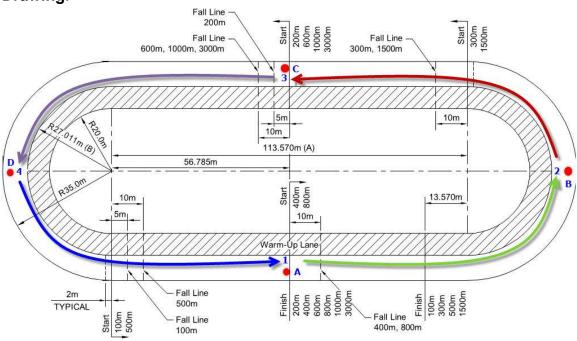




Long Track Event: Parloff Relay

SPEED SKATING	Long Track Event. Tank	on Nelay
Target Group:	☐ Active Start (females & males	3 & males 6-9) 1 & males 10-12)
	Number of Teams: up to 6	Participants per Team: 5
four "markers" (e.g	ired: Traditional speed skating (g. pylons): one at the 400m start (c) and apex of corner 2 (D).	` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
 Skater #1 w #3 will stands behing stands behing when the teammate. So and tags from C to D #4 skates from at position A remains at p 4. The race co 5. The winning at the position A remains at p 	grouped into teams of five (5). ill stand at position A. Skater #2 of at position C. Skater #4 will send the start line at position A. gun goes, skater #1 skates for Skater #1 will remain at position their teammate, then remains at and tags their teammate, then from D to A and tags their teammate. Skater #5 skates from A to B and tags their teammate.	from A to B and tags their B. Skater #2 skates from B to t position C. Skater #3 skates remains at position D. Skater hate (skater #5), then remains and tags their teammate, then position to position.
Targeted Fundam ☐ Balance ☐ Skating ☐ Catching	ental Movement Skills:	☐ Throwing ☐ Striking ☐ Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundam ☐ Forwards skatir ☐ Clockwise skati ☐ Sliding/falling		☐ One-legged glide ating ☐ Two-legged jump ☐ Basic position



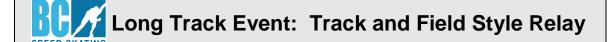


☐ Timers	. 🖂 Judges	Starter
○ On-ice crowd control	⊠ Referee	Other:

Modifications: Skaters could provide a speed skating relay push to their teammate in place of a simple "tag". Ensure that skaters are aware in advance whether to expect a tag or a push.

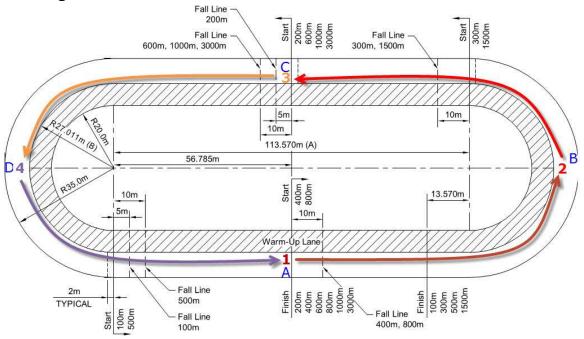
This event can be modified for short track (please see "ST Event: Parloff Relay").





Targe	□ [Active Start (females & male FUNdamentals (females 6-8 Learn to Train (females 9-11 Frain to Train (females 11-1	& males 6-9) & males 10-12)
⊠ Te	am Event → Num	ber of Teams: up to 6	Participants per Team: 4
four "r	markers" (e.g. pylo		mass start) track set-up plus line (A), apex of corner 1 (B),
1. 2. 3.	Skater #1 will star #3 will stand at po When the gun teammate. Skate C and tags their from C to D and #4 skates from D The winning team	ned into teams of four (4). Ind at position A. Skater #2 vosition C. Skater #4 will stangoes, skater #1 skates for #1 will remain at position teammate, then to A and finishes the race for	rom A to B and tags their B. Skater #2 skates from B to position C. Skater #3 skates remains at position D. Skater or their team.
Targe	eted Fundamental	Movement Skills:	
⊠ Ba		Jumping	Throwing
⊠ Sk □ Ca	ating tching	☐ Kicking☐ Trapping	Striking Turning/spinning
_	eted Fundamental	- <u></u>	One legged alide
_	rwards skating ockwise skating	☐ Backwards skating☐ Counter-clockwise sk	☐ One-legged glide ating ☐ Two-legged jump
_	ding/falling	☐ Edge control (agility)	Basic position





Officials/volunteers Rec	luirea:	
Timers	⊠ Judges	Starter
On-ice crowd control	□ Referee	Other:

Modifications: Skaters could provide a speed skating relay push to their teammate in place of a simple "tag". Optionally, if a tag is being given, skaters may exchange an item (similar to a "baton" in track and field). The object to be exchanged should be easy enough to grip with gloves on. Ensure that skaters are aware in advance whether to expect a tag (with/without an object) or a push.

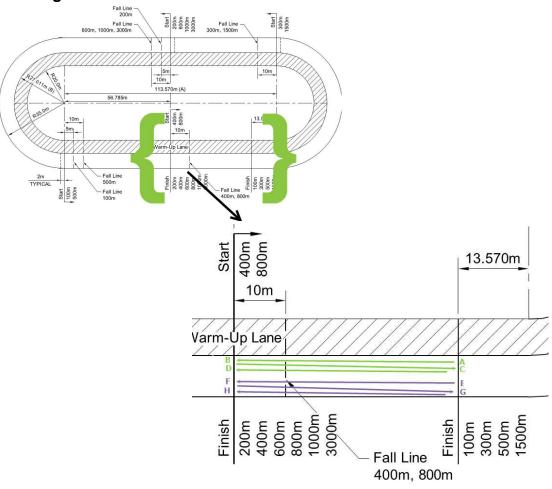




Long Track Event: Straight-Line Team Race (Shuttle Relay)

OT ZZZZ OTOXIII C		
Target Group:	 Active Start (females & males 0-5 FUNdamentals (females 6-8 & m Learn to Train (females 9-11 & m Train to Train (females 11-14 & m 	ales 6-9) ales 10-12)
	Number of Teams: up to 3 Participa	ants per Team: 4
Equipment Requi	red: n/a	
400m finish 2. On the gun 500m finish finish line to will race to tag skater started. 3. When all sk	into two (2) group of two (2). Skater line, facing skaters B and D standing a skater A races from the 400m finis line and tags skater B. Skater B then tag the waiting skater C. Skater C ratag skater B. Skater B races to tag s D. Skater D tags skater C, who race stags have returned to where they son to show that they are finished.	on the 500m finish line. h line to skater B at the races back to the 400m aces to tag skater D, who kater A, who will race to ces back to where they
⊠ Balance	ental Movement Skills: Jumping Kicking	☐ Throwing
☑ Skating☐ Catching	☐ Kicking☐ Trapping	☐ Striking ☐ Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundam ☐ Forwards skatir ☐ Clockwise skati ☐ Sliding/falling		☐ One-legged glide☐ Two-legged jump☒ Basic position





Officials/Volunteers Required:			
☐ Timers	Judges	Starter	
On-ice crowd control	Referee	☐ Other:	

Modifications: Alternative start/finish lines can be set-up if it suits the venue. More than four (4) skaters can participate per team, but this increases the time spent standing.

This event can be modified for short track (please see "ST Event: Straight-Line Team Race (Shuttle Relays)").

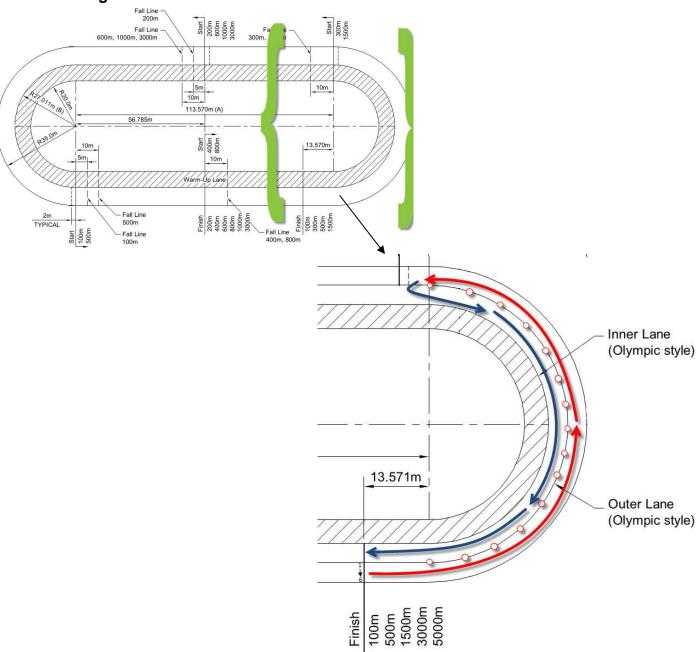




Long Track Event: Candy Cane Race

Target Group:	 ✓ Active Start (females & males 0-5 ✓ FUNdamentals (females 6-8 & m ☐ Learn to Train (females 9-11 & m ☐ Train to Train (females 11-14 & n 	ales 6-9) ales 10-12)	
⊠ Individual Eve	nt → Number of Participants: up to 6	S per race	
Equipment Required : Traditional speed skating (Olympic Style) track set-up on the corner. A pilon marks the last corner block, indicating the turn-around point.			
 Procedures and Rules: Skaters line up at the outer 500m finish line. The race begins with skaters racing down the straightaway. Skaters continue racing around the outer lane (counter-clockwise) and do a sharp (left) turn around the pilon. Skaters then race clockwise around the inner lane and finish the race on the inner 500m finish line (adjacent to where they started the race). 			
Targeted Fundam ⊠ Balance ⊠ Skating □ Catching	nental Movement Skills: Jumping Kicking Trapping	☐ Throwing ☐ Striking ☑ Turning/spinning	
Targeted Fundam ☐ Forwards skatin ☐ Clockwise skatin ☐ Sliding/falling		☐ One-legged glide☐ Two-legged jump☒ Basic position	





Officials/Volunteers Required: ☐ Timers ☐ Judges ☐ Starter ☐ On-ice crowd control ☐ Referee ☐ Other: Modifications: Older/more experienced skaters may begin and/or end the race at the 400m start line. ☐ This event can be modified for short track (please see "ST Event: Candy Cane Race").

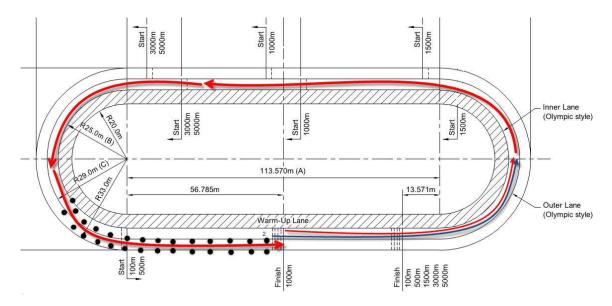




Long Track Event: Long Track Style Relay

SPEED SKATING		
☐ FU ☑ Lea	ive Start (females & males 0-5) Ndamentals (females 6-8 & mal arn to Train (females 9-11 & ma in to Train (females 11-14 & ma	les 6-9) les 10-12)
⊠ Team Event → Numbe	er of Teams: up to 4 Participan	its per Team: 3-4
pilons marking the finishin	aditional speed skating (mass g chute, leading skaters from t uter OS racing lane and across t	the apex of the second
Procedures and Rules:		
 Skaters are number The first skater start the 5m pre-finish lir skater's lap is deem line on the outer OS After the first skate crosses the finish lir lines and gives the s determine when a signalling when they skater starts before penalized 	ed 1-4 within their teams. It is at the 400m start line. Subseque of the 1000m finish on the intended to have finished when they racing lane. If the subsequent skater on each team preceding member has passed can start. No touch or tag is retired to the previous skater has crossed the one lap and finishes the results.	the skater before them between start and finish a much better view to ed the finish line, thus equired. A team whose d the finish line shall be
Targeted Fundamental M	ovement Skills	
☐ Balance ☐ Skating	☐ Jumping ☐ Kicking	☐ Throwing ☐ Striking
Catching	☐ Trapping	☐ Turning/spinning
Targeted Fundamental S	port Skills: Backwards skating Counter-clockwise skating Edge control (agility)	☐ One-legged glide☐ Two-legged jump☐ Basic position





Officials	/Volunteers	Required:
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Timers		⊠ Starter
On-ice crowd control	□ Referee	Other:

Other/Notes: Skaters on the pre-finish line should be looking forward for their teammate, not turned backwards. As each skater finishes through the finishing chute, they should stay wide and perform a "shoulder check" to confirm it is safe to return to the warm-up lane.

Modifications:

This event can be modified for short track (please see "ST Event: Long Track Style Relay").